This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

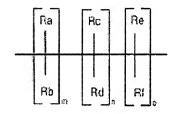
Claim 1 (Currently Amended) A compound of formula I

in which

A stands for the group $=NR^2$,

W stands for oxygen,

Z stands for the group



m, n and o stand for 0-3,

 R_a , R_b , R_c , R_d , R_e , R_f ,

independently of one another, stand for hydrogen, C_{1-4} alkyl or the group =NR¹⁰, and/or R_a and/or R_b can form a bond with R_c and/or R_d or R_c can form a bond with R_e and/or R_f or up to two of radicals R_a - R_f form a bridge of no more than 3 C-atoms and said bridge is connected to R^1 or R^2 ,

X stands for the group $=NR^9$ or =N-,

Y stands for the group $-(CH_2)_p$,

p stands for 1-4,

R¹ stands for naphthyl, biphenyl, phenyl, thiophenyl, furanyl, oxazolyl, thiazolyl, imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, triazinyl, quinolinyl or isoquinolinyl that is unsubstituted or substituted in one or more places with halogen, C₁₋₆ alkyl or C₁₋₄-alkoxy, hydroxy, nitro, cyano or C₁₋₆-alkyl or C₁₋₆-alkoxy that is substituted in one or more places with halogen; or 5-chloro-2,3-dihydroindenyl, 2,3-dihydroindenyl, thienyl, 6-fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthyl, benzo-1,2,5-oxadiazole, 6,7-dimethoxy-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2-naphthyl or for one of the groups

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wherein phenyl, substituted phenyl or naphthyl is not directly bonded to $=NR^2$ in the meaning of A,

- R^2 stands for hydrogen or C_{1-6} alkyl or, or with R_a - R_f from Z, or to R^1 , forms a bridge with up to 3 ring members,
- R^3 stands for monocyclic or bicyclic aryl or heteroaryl that is unsubstituted or optionally substituted in one or more places with halogen, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkoxy or hydroxy,

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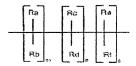
wherein aryl is not phenyl,

 R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , and R^7 , independently of one another, stand for hydrogen, halogen, or C_{1-6} alkoxy, C_{1-6} alkyl or C_{1-6} carboxylalkyl that is unsubstituted or optionally substituted in one or more places with halogen, or R^5 and R^6 together form the group

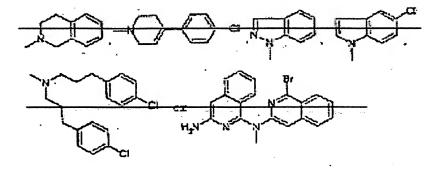
 R^8 , R^9 , and R^{10} , independently of one another, stand for hydrogen or C_{1-6} alkyl, or an isomer or, pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

Claim 2 (Currently Amended) A compound of I according to claim 1 in which

- A stands for the group $=NR^2$,
- W stands for oxygen, sulfur, two hydrogen atoms or the group =NR⁸,
- Z stands for the group =NR¹⁰, =N- or -N(R¹⁰)-(CH₂)_q-, branched or unbranced C₁₋₆ alkyl or the group



or A, Z and R¹ together form the group

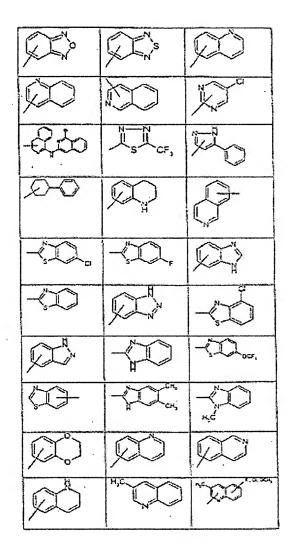


m, n, and o stand for 0-3,

q stands for 1-6,

 $R_a R_b, R_c, R_d, R_e$ and R_f , independently of one another, stand for hydrogen, C_{1-4} alkyl or the group =NR 10

- X stands for the group $=NR^9$ or =N-,
- Y stands for the group $-(CH_2)_p$,
- p stands for 1-4,
- R¹ stands for phenyl, pyridyl, 5-chloro-2,3-dihydroindenyl,2,3-dihydroindenyl, thienyl, 6-fluoro-lH-indol-3-yl, naphthyl, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthyl, benzo-1,2,5-oxadiazole, 6,7-dimethoxy-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2-naphthyl or for phenyl or pyridyl that is substituted in one or more places with C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₁-C₄ alkoxy, hydroxy, halogen, or trifluoromethyl, or for the group



whereby phenyl, substituted phenyl or naphthyl is not directly bonded to the =NR² group in the meaning of A

- R^2 stands for hydrogen or C_{1-6} alkyl or, or with R_a - R_f from Z, or to R^1 , forms a bridge with up to 3 ring members,
- R^3 stands for monocyclic or bicyclic aryl or monocyclic or bicyclic heteroaryl that is unsubstituted or optionally substituted in one or more places with halogen, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkoxy or hydroxy,
- R^4 , R^5 , R^6 and R^7 , independently of one another, stand for hydrogen, halogen or C_{1-6} alkoxy or C_{1-6} alkyl that is unsubstituted or optionally substituted in

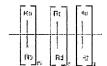
one or more places with halogen, or R⁵ and R⁶ together form the group

 R^8 , R^9 and R^{10} , independently of one another, stand for hydrogen or C_{1-6} alkyl,

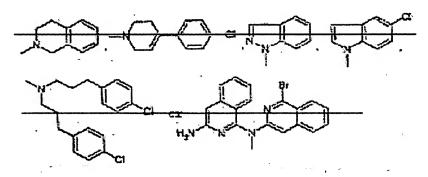
or an isomer or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

Claim 3 (Currently Amended) A compound of formula I according to claim 1, in which

- A stands for the group $=NR^2$,
- W stands for oxygen, sulfur or two hydrogen atoms,
- Z stands for the group =NR¹⁰, =N, -N(R¹⁰)-(CH₂)_q- or the group



or A, Z and R¹ together form the group



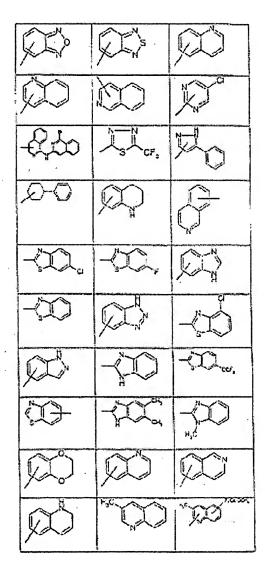
m, n and o stand for 0-3,

q stands for 1-6,

 R_a , R_b , R_c , R_d , R_e , R_f , independently of one another, stand for hydrogen or methyl or the group =NR¹⁰,

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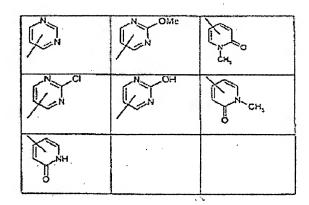
- X stands for the group $=NR^9$ or =N-,
- Y stands for the group $-CH_2$ -,
- R¹ stands for phenyl, pyridyl, p-chlorophenyl, p-methylphenyl, p-methoxyphenyl, 5-chloro-2,3-dihydroindenyl, 2,3-dihydroindenyl, thienyl, 6-fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl, naphthyl, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthyl, benzo-1,2,5-oxadiazole, 6,7-dimethoxy-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2-naphthyl, or for phenyl or pyridyl that is substituted in one or more places with C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₁-C₄ alkoxy, hydroxy, halogen, trifluoromethyl, or for the group



whereby phenyl, or substituted phenyl or naphthyl is not directly bonded to the =NR² group in

the meaning of A,

- R² stands for hydrogen or methyl,
- R³ stands for pyridyl, or phenyl, or 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthyl that is substituted by hydroxy, halogen, methyl or methoxy, or for the group



R⁵ and R⁶, independently of one another, stand for hydrogen, halogen, methyl, methoxy or trifluoromethyl,

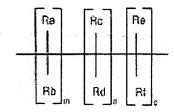
R⁴ and R⁷, independently of one another, stand for hydrogen,

R⁹ stands for hydrogen,

R¹⁰ stands for hydrogen or methyl, or an isomer or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

Claim 4 (Currently Amended) A compound of formula I according to claim 1, in which

- A stands for the group = NR^2 ,
- W stands for oxygen,
- Z stands for the group = NR^{10} , =N-, - $N(R^{10})$ -(CH_2)_q- or the group



or A, Z and R¹-together form the group

m, n and o stand for 0-3,

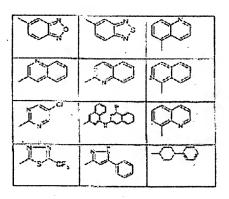
q stands for 1-6,

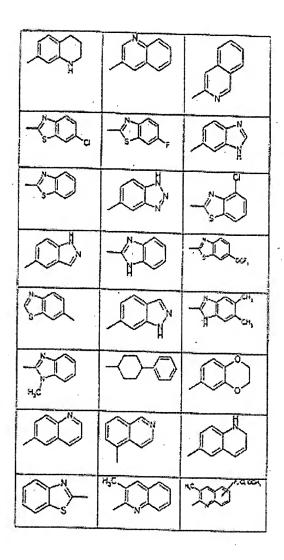
 R_a , R_b , R_c , R_d , R_e , R_f , independently of one another, stand for hydrogen or methyl or the group =NR¹⁰,

X stands for the group $=NR^9$ or =N-,

Y stands for the group -CH₂-,

R¹ stands for phenyl, pyridyl, 5-chloro-2,3-dihydroindenyl, 2,3-dihydroindenyl, thienyl, 6-fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl, naphthyl, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthyl, benzo-1,2,5-oxadiazole or 6,7-dimethoxy-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2-naphthyl or for a phenyl or pyridyl that is substituted in one more places with C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₁-C₄ alkoxy, hydroxy, halogen, or trifluoromethyl, or for the group

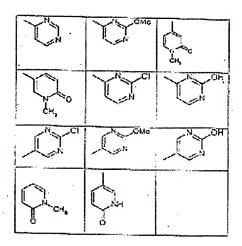




whereby phenyl, or substituted phenyl or naphthyl is not directly bonded to the $=NR^2$ group in the meaning of A,

R² stands for hydrogen or methyl,

R³ stands for pyridyl or for phenyl, pyridyl or 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthyl that is substituted in one or more places with hydroxy, halogen, methyl or methoxy, or for the group



R⁵ and R⁶, independently of one another, stand for hydrogen, halogen, methyl, methoxy, or trifluoromethyl,

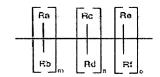
R⁴ and R⁷, independently of one another, stand for hydrogen and halogen,

R⁹ stands for hydrogen,

R¹⁰ stands for hydrogen or methyl, or an isomer or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

Claim 5 (Currently Amended) A compound of formula I according to claim 1, in which

- A stands for the group = NR^2 ,
- W stands for sulfur,
- Z stands for the group =NR¹⁰, =N-, -N(R¹⁰)-(CH₂)_q- or the group



or A, Z and R¹ together form the group

m, n and o stand for 0-3,

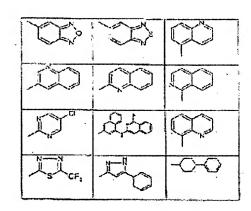
q stands for 1-6,

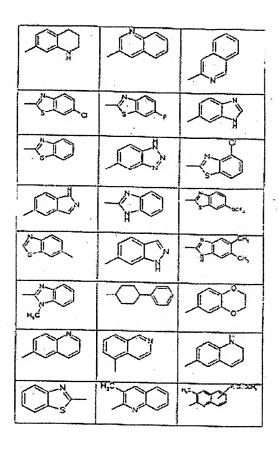
 R_a , R_b , R_c , R_d , R_e , R_f , independently of one another, stand for hydrogen or methyl or the group =NR¹⁰,

X stands for the group = NR^9 or =N-,

Y stands for the group -CH₂-,

 R^1 stands for phenyl, pyridyl, 5-chloro-2,3-dihydroindenyl, 2,3-dihydroindenyl, thienyl, 6-fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl, naphthyl, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthyl, benzo-1,2,5-oxadiazole or 6,7-dimethoxy-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2-naphthyl or for phenyl or pyridyl that is substituted in one or more places with C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, hydroxy, halogen, or trifluoromethyl, or for the group

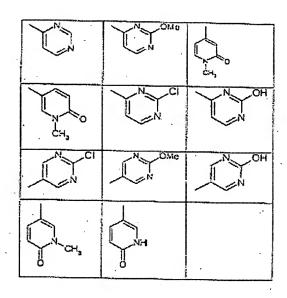




whereby phenyl, or substituted phenyl or naphthyl is not bonded directly to the $=NR^2$ group in the meaning of A,

R² stands for hydrogen or methyl,

R³ stands for pyridyl or for phenyl, pyridyl or 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthyl that is substituted in one or more places with hydroxy, halogen, methyl or methoxy, or for the group



R⁵ and R⁶, independently of one another, stand for hydrogen, halogen, methyl, methoxy or trifluoromethyl,

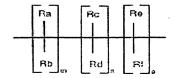
R⁴ and R⁷, independently of one another, stand for hydrogen and halogen,

R⁹ stands for hydrogen,

R¹⁰ stands for hydrogen or methyl, or an isomer or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

Claim 6 (Currently Amended) A compound of formula I according to claim 1, in which

- A stands for the group = NR^2 ,
- W stands for two hydrogen atoms,
- Z stands for the group = NR^{10} , =N-, - $N(R^{10})$ -(CH_2)_q- or the group



or A, Z, and R¹ together form the group

m, n and o stand for 0-3,

q stands for 1-6,

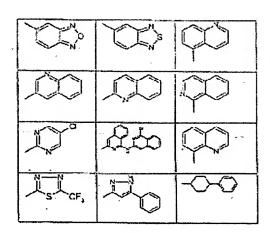
 R_a , R_b , R_c , R_d , R_e , R_f ,

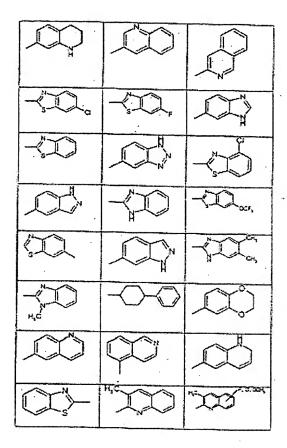
independently of one another, stand for hydrogen or methyl or the group = NR^{10} ,

X stands for the group = NR^9 or =N-,

Y stands for the group -CH₂-,

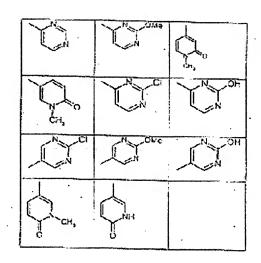
R¹ stands for phenyl, pyridyl, 5-chloro-2,3-dihydroindenyl, 2,3-dihydroindenyl, thienyl, 6-fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl, naphthyl, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthyl, benzo-1,2,5-oxadiazole or 6,7-dimethoxy-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2-naphthyl or for a phenyl or pyridyl that is substituted in one or more places with C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₁-C₄ alkoxy, hydroxy, halogen, or trifluoromethyl, or for the group





whereby phenyl, or substituted phenyl or naphthyl is not directly bonded to the $=NR^2$ group in the meaning of A,

- R² stands for hydrogen or methyl,
- R³ stands for pyridyl or for phenyl, pyridyl or 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthyl that is substituted in one or more places with hydroxy, halogen, methyl or methoxy, or for the group



R⁴ and R⁷, independently of one another, stand for hydrogen, halogen, methyl, methoxy or trifluoromethyl,

R⁵ and R⁶, independently of one another, stand for hydrogen and halogen,

R⁹ stands for hydrogen,

R¹⁰ stands for hydrogen or methyl,

or an isomer or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

Claim 7 (Previously Presented) A method of claim 11 wherein said patient is suffering from a disease or condition mediated by VEGF which is a tumor, psoriasis, arthritis, hemangioma, angiofibroma, an eye disease, neovascular glaucoma, a renal disease, a fibrotic disease, a mesangial-cell-proliferative disease, arteriosclerosis, an injury to the nerve tissue, and for inhibiting the reocclusion of a vessel after balloon catheter treatment, a vascular prosthetic or a mechanical device is used to keep a vessel open.

Claim 8 (Previously Presented) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutical effective amount of at least one compound according to claim 1 and a pharmaceutical acceptable carrier.

Claim 9 (Cancelled)

Claim 10 (Cancelled)

Claim 11 (Previously Presented) A method of inhibiting the tyrosine kinase KDR and/or FLT, comprising administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound according to claim 1.

Claim 12 (Previously Presented) A method of producing a pharmaceutical preparation for enteral, parenteral and oral administration comprising mixing a compound of claim 1 with a suitable pharmaceutical carrier.

Claims 13-15 (Withdrawn)

Claim 16 (Currently Amended) A compound of claim 1, wherein

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R³ stands for pyridyl, or phenyl, or 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthyl that is substituted by hydroxy, halogen, methyl or methoxy, or for the group

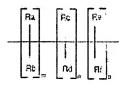
Ç)	N OMe	Z.
X N	N OH	CH,
NH NH		

Claim 17 (Currently Amended)

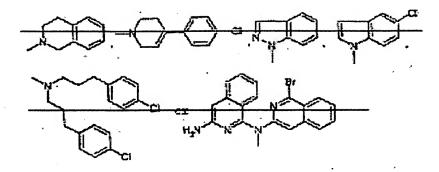
A compound of formula I

wherein

- A stands for the group = NR^2 ,
- W stands for oxygen,
- Z stands for the group



or A, Z and R⁴ together form the group



m, n and o stand for 0-3,

q stands for 1-6,

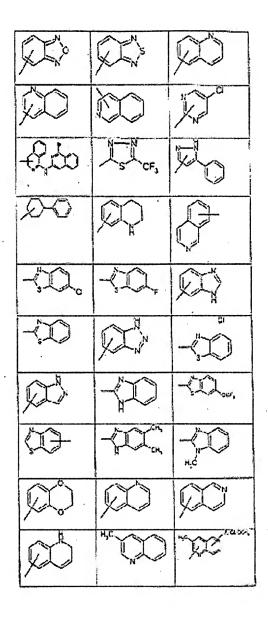
 R_a , R_b , R_c , R_d , R_c , R_f , independently of one another, stand for hydrogen, methyl, or the group =NR¹⁰,

X stands for the group = NR^9 ,

Y stands for the group $-(CH_2)_p$,

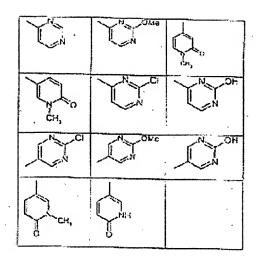
p stands for 1-4,

R¹ stands for naphthyl, biphenyl, phenyl, thiophenyl, furanyl, oxazolyl, thiazolyl, imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, triazinyl, quinolinyl or isoquinolinyl that is unsubstituted or substituted in one or more places with halogen, C₁₋₆ alkyl or C₁₋₄ alkoxy, hydroxy, nitro, cyano or C₁₋₆-alkyl or C₁₋₆-alkoxy that is substituted in one or more places with halogen; or 5-chloro-2,3-dihydroindenyl, 2,3-dihydroindenyl, thienyl, 6-fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthyl, benzo-1,2,5-oxadiazole, 6,7-dimethoxy-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2-naphthyl or for one of the groups



wherein phenyl, substituted phenyl or naphthyl is not directly bonded to $=NR^2$ in the meaning of A,

- R² stands for hydrogen or methyl,
- R^3 stands for naphthyl, biphenyl, phenyl, thiophenyl, furanyl, oxazolyl, thiazolyl, imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, triazinyl, quinolinyl or isoquinolinyl that is unsubstituted or substituted in one or more places with halogen, C_{1-6} alkyl or C_{1-6} alkoxy or hydroxy, or for one of the groups



 R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , and R^7 , independently of one another, stand for hydrogen, halogen, or C_{1-6} alkoxy, C_{1-6} alkyl or C_{1-6} carboxylalkyl that is unsubstituted or substituted in one or more places with halogen, or R^5 and R^6 together form the group

 R^8 , R^9 , and R^{10} , independently of one another, stand for hydrogen or C_{1-6} alkyl, or an isomer or, pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

Claim 18 (New) A composition according to Claim 1, wherein R³ is pyridyl or substituted pyridyl.

Claim 19 (New) A composition according to Claim 1, wherein R³ is a heteroaryl.